

## SUPPORTING WORKING CARERS IN ENGLAND

RATIONALE FOR AND IMPACT OF LOCALITY AND EMPLOYER-BASED APPROACHES

Professor Sue Yeandle

CIRCLE Centre for International Research on Care, Labour & Equalities
University of Leeds, UK

s.m.yeandle@leeds.ac.uk

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## **OVERVIEW**

□ Carers

- Who are they and how are they defined?
- Carers' contribution to the health and social care system
- Origins of the policy focus on carers in the UK
  - Emergence of a campaigning movement
  - Types of policy focus
- Strategies for developing carer support
  - Strategic ambitions of carers' organisations
  - The 'Carers' Strategies' of national and local government
- Emergence of a focus on carers and work
  - Action for Carers and Employment 2002-2007
  - Employers for Carers
  - The evidence base on carers and work
- Key actors motivations, rationales and impacts



## **Defining carers ...**

- Establishing a legal status for carers:
  - 'Carers' were first mentioned in UK legislation on disability in 1986
  - In 1995 they were defined in legislation as people who 'provide a substantial amount of care on a regular basis', giving their care to family members or friends [but NOT as part of 'a contract of employment' or as a 'volunteer for a voluntary organisation']
- □ The UK Census question on carers (asked in 2001 and 2011) is:
  - 'Do you look after or give any help or support to family members, friends or neighbours or others because of: long-term physical or mental ill-health or disability or problems related to old age?'
- What carers' organisations say about who carers are:
  - "Up and down the UK there are 6.5m people caring unpaid for an ill, frail or disabled family member or friend. These people are called carers but they would probably say "I'm just being a husband, a wife, a mum, a dad, a son, a daughter, a friend or a good neighbour" <a href="http://www.carersweek.org/about-carers/what-is-caring">http://www.carersweek.org/about-carers/what-is-caring</a>







## Carers' contribution to the health & social care system

- □ 12% of the population provide unpaid care
- The care they give has been valued at £119 billion per year (NT\$5,817 billion). This:
  - Exceeds the total cost of the National Health Service
  - □ Is equivalent to £3,000 (NT\$146,652) annually for each tax payer
  - Is more than 4 times what local authorities spend each year on social care services for adults and children
- □ This is based on estimating\* total annual hours of care:
  - □ The Census collects data on caring 1-19, 20-49, 50+ hours p.w.
  - We used 'replacement costs' based on hourly rate for home care

<sup>\*</sup>For method see 'Valuing Carers: calculating the value of unpaid care', L. Buckner & S. Yeandle (2007) (revised 2011), <a href="www.circle.leeds.ac.uk/files/2012/09/valuing-carers.pdf">www.circle.leeds.ac.uk/files/2012/09/valuing-carers.pdf</a>

## The emergence of a campaigning carers' movement

- NGOs have campaigned on carers' issues in UK for almost 50 years
- Initiated by one woman's campaign based on personal experience of the practical difficulties, isolation and financial hardship carers face. In 1965 she formed 'National Council for the Single Woman & her Dependants'
- This organisation's report, 'The Costs of Caring', led to the introduction of publicly funded financial support for some carers in 1976
- From the 1980s onwards, other organisations dedicated to supporting carers emerged, working at local and national levels
- □ At Westminster, an **All-Party Parliamentary Group** on carers was formed in 2005 after the success of a three 'Private Members' Bills in Parliament:
  - Carers (Recognition and Services) Act 1995
  - Carers and Disabled Children Act 2000
  - □ Carers (Equal Opportunities) Act 2004



## Types of policy developed to support carers

- Factors relevant to policy developments affecting carers
- Campaigning
- Research
- **Culture**
- Welfare system
- Labour market
- **Demographics**

- Central government
  - Welfare support (financial)
  - Legislation
  - National strategies
  - Investment programmes
- Local agencies
  - Local voluntary services
  - Local carers' strategies
  - Local partnerships and contracts
- **Employers** 
  - **Business** case
  - Corporate social responsibility
  - Employer / workforce negotiations /agreements





## Types of policy focus: central government

## Financial support in the social security system

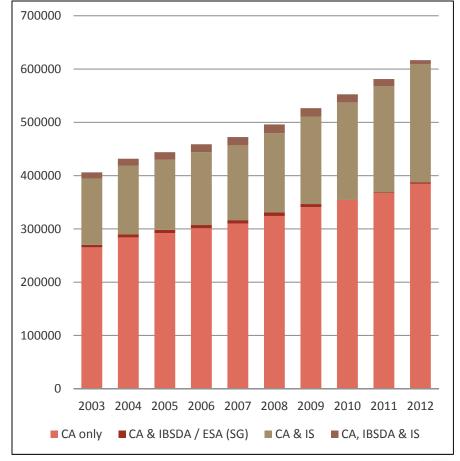
## Carer's Allowance (originally 'Invalid Care' Allowance)

■ In 1976 introduced financial help for carers unable to fully support themselves through paid work (at first for single women only, extended to married women and to men in 1986)

#### □ Pensions Act 2007

- Introduced enhanced state pension rights for carers
- There are small 'carer premiums' in some other state benefits

## People receiving Carers Allowance, 2003-12



Source: DWP Information, Governance and Security, Work and Pensions Longitudinal Study – www.gov.uk





## Types of policy focus:

## central government - legislation affecting local support

- □ Carers (Recognition & Services) Act 1995
  - Local authority carer's assessments
- Carers and Disabled Children Act 2000
  - Stronger rights to assessment; access to direct payments
- Children and Families Act 2014
  - Clarified / improved parent carers' rights to local authority support
- □ Care Act 2014
  - From 2015, requires local authorities to
    - meet the assessed needs of carers eligible for support
    - ensure an appropriate supply of varied services is available locally





## Types of policy focus:

## Central government legislation on workplace support / rights

- Employment Relations Act 1999
  - Unpaid time off for family emergencies
- □ Employment Act 2002
  - Right to request flexible working (parents of disabled / young children
- □ Work and Families Act 2006
  - Extended right to request FW to most carers of adults
- Children and Families Act 2014
  - Clarified / improved parent carers' rights to local authority support
  - All employees with 26 weeks' continuous service have right to request flexible working
- □ Care Act 2014
  - Places a new duty on all English local authorities to plan sufficient care services to enable carers to work and to meet the assessed needs of eligible carers from 2015
- 'Supporting Working Carers' ('Task & Finish Group Report, 2013) http://www.employersforcarers.org/resources/research/item/808-supporting-working-carers-the-benefits-to-families-business-and-the-economy







# The National Carers' Strategies 1999, 2008, 2010

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1999 <u>'Caring about carers: a</u>
<u>national strategy for carers'</u>
(Labour Government)

The first ever strategy – this covered:

- Carers and employment
- Information for carers
- Support for carers
- Care for carers
- Local care for carers
- Young carers

## 2008 'Carers at the Heart of 21st century Families and Communities' (Labour Govt.)

- 'A vision that, by 2018: carers will be universally recognised and valued as being fundamental to strong families and stable communities.'
- 'Support will be based on individuals' needs, enabling carers to maintain a balance between their caring responsibilities and a life outside caring.'
  - Integrated & personalised services
  - A life of their own
  - Income and employment
  - Health and wellbeing

## 2010 <u>Recognised, valued & supported: next steps for the carers strategy</u> (Coalition Govt)

• Identify carers at an early stage · Recognise their contribution · Involve carers in designing local care provision & planning individual care packages · Enable carers to fulfil their educational/employment potential · Support to have a family & community life and to remain mentally and physically well.



## Activities and strategic aims of carers' organisations: Local, national and international level

## In the UK - at national and local levels Advice and support

Expert advice & support services **Connecting carers** 

Online forums, volunteer schemes, specialist local services (e.g. for young carers; return to work support for carers; health and well-being support)

### Campaigning

A voice for carers in policy debates; arguing for change, research on carers

#### **Innovation**

To improve services, develop products for carers, better employer support

#### **Key organisations**

- Carers UK (established 1965)
- **Carers Trust**
- **Local Carers' centres**
- **Employers for Carers**

### **Internationally**

#### **Eurocarers**

- Raise awareness of carers' contribution to health & social care systems and the economy
- Ensure EU & national policies address: social inclusion of carers; support services for carers; enabling carers to remain in paid work / have a social life

## IACO (International Alliance of Carer *Organizations)* - formed 2013

'build a global understanding and respect for the vital role of carers'

## **International Carers Conferences**

6<sup>th</sup> International Carers Conference Gothenburg, Sweden, 3-6 Sept 2015





## **Action for Carers and Employment**

**2002-2007** Led by Carers UK, funded by European Union

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- Linked support needs of carers with challenges in employment policy
  - Identified carers as sometimes needing help to stay in /return to work
  - Secured EU funding for a development partnership
  - Produced a path-breaking evidence base about carers of working age
- Ran local projects and evaluated their impact
- Drew stakeholders together to plan 'mainstream' support
- Created an employer forum
  - to voice employer perspectives
  - propose innovative workplace practices
  - Debate employment law developments





## **Employers for Carers**

## launched as a membership forum in 2009

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## EfC's contributions to policy development in the UK

- Co-led the Employment Task Force for 2008 National Carers Strategy
- Agreed Memorandum of Understanding with HM Government in 2010
- Provided 'business case' annexe to national policy 'Recognised, Valued and Supported; next steps for the carers strategy' (2010)
- Had leading role in 'Task and Finish' group national report on 'Carers and Employment', working closely with key government departments (2012-13)
- Operates as a discussion and networking forum for employers with regular meetings and activities, website and training events
- Provides practical guidance, information, case studies and survey findings to employer members, targeted at managers and employees
- Developing an international model to roll out its approach





# Local support for carers – may be provided by local voluntary organisations and/or by local councils

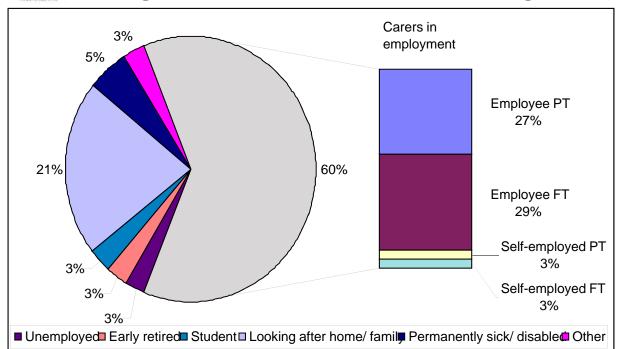
- Information and advice
- □ Varied, locally relevant, services
- Specialist support
  - may include caring and employment groups, focused on
    - Supporting carers to retain their jobs
    - **■** Helping carers to re-enter employment
    - Advising and assisting carers to manage work and care
    - Working with employers and managers to raise awareness of carers and develop employment practices which support carers
- □ Local 'carers strategies' have been agreed in some places
  - In partnership with local authorities (social care) and local health (NHS) organisations
- Growing involvement in the delivery of publicly-funded services
  - □ This will increase as the Care Act 2014 is implemented





## Strong evidence on carers & work first emerged in the 2001 Census

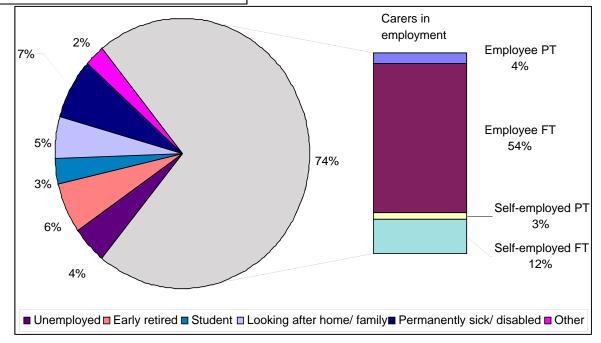




Female carers of working age by economic activity status, GB, 2001

Male carers of working age by economic activity status, GB, 2001

Source: 2001 Census SARs, Crown copyright



## **Outcomes of support offered to carers**

Outcomes of approach for:	Employment rights/flexible working for carers	State financial support to carers	Support in care system for carers
Carers	Helps in keeping job, career, income, pension	Offsets caring costs, but poor long-term effects	Maintains health and well-being
Employers	Keep experienced staff, cut recruitment/training costs	Incentive to leave the LF for some workers	Can help staff continue in work if well-designed
Economy	Maintains tax base, reduces welfare costs	Costly, but makes intensive caring sustainable	Reduces pressures on carers, makes care sustainable





## Strategic ambitions of carers' organisations: UNIVERSITY

Local (municipal) level: example from the city of Leeds

Aims of the local Carers' Strategy for Leeds (2009-12)

"The aim of this Strategy is to ensure that people who choose to care for their relative, partner, friend or neighbour should:

- Be valued for the contribution they make to the quality of life of the person they care for and to the social care economy
- Be supported in their chosen role
- Know that the care they provide can be shared with paid workers where that is appropriate and desired
- Not have to jeopardise their career or other close family relationships through their caring role"







## **Employment support for carers in the UK**

### **Employment rights**

No paid leave rights, though some employers offer this, usually on time-limited basis

Emergency short-term unpaid leave to care for a family member (employment protection measure)

Legal right to request flexible working, employees with 26 weeks service, employer can refuse.

### Availability, take-up and attitudes to flexible working\*

74% of all employees (78% of carers) were aware of carers' right to request flexible working

Many employees said flexible working options were available where they work :

Part-time work: 80%; Temporary reduced hours: 56%; Flexi-time: 48%; Job-share: 43%

Compressed working week: 39%; Term-time only: 34%; Working regularly from home: 30%

Many employed carers said they were able to work flexibly:

**48%** of those working full-time; **62%** working part-time

For all types of flexible working (except compressed hours):

A higher % of employees WITH than without a legal right to request FW took up the option

In the past 2 years, 30% of carers of an adult (22% all employees) had made a request to work flexibly

- 66% had their request accepted; 17% had it accepted after negotiation, compromise or appeal
- 11% had their request declined; 6% were awaiting a decision

#### 29% of carers had taken time off work to care for dependants in the past 12 months

- Compared with 19% of all employees; 23% of parents

#### Dissatisfaction with their current working arrangements was expressed by:

- **11% of employed carers;** compared with 8% of all employees

<sup>\*</sup>Figures from Fourth Work-Life Balance Survey, 2012



## Some considerations for the future

- Carer numbers are rising; most are of working age; are stronger measures - paid carer's leave, better workplace rights, more flexible work options - needed?
- Good health & well-being services for carers work well /save money: should they be prioritised?
- Is it right that carers bear the main cost of the workplace flexibility and support they need? How should employers, employees, the state, share these costs?
- The needs of carers of older people, of a spouse or partner, of a child, all differ should long-term and life-time caring be prioritised?
- Co-residence / separate residence both place significant demands on carers – is there enough focus on support for distance caring, weekend caring, the double domestic shift?

## **Further information**

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- Fry, G. Singleton, B., Yeandle, S. and Buckner, L. (2011) *Developing a clearer understanding of the Carers' Allowance claimant group*, London: Department for Work and Pensions.
- Kröger, T. & Yeandle, S (Eds) Combining Paid Work and Family Care Policies and experiences in international perspective, Bristol: Policy Press.
- Yeandle, S. and Wigfield, A. (eds) (2011) New approaches to supporting carers' health and well-being: Evidence from the National Carers' Strategy Demonstrator Sites programme, Leeds: CIRCLE, University of Leeds.
- Yeandle, S. and Wigfield, A. (eds) (2012) Training and supporting carers:
   The national evaluation of the Caring with Confidence programme,
   Leeds: CIRCLE, University of Leeds.

Contact details: Professor Sue Yeandle

Director, CIRCLE (Centre for International Research on Care, Labour & Equalities)

S.M.Yeandle@leeds.ac.uk http://www.sociology.leeds.ac.uk/circle



## **6th International Carers Conference**

Care and Caring: Future proofing for the new demographics

3–6th September 2015 Gothenburg, Sweden

www.carersconference.com

## 6th International Carers Conference Gothenburg, Sweden: 3-6 September 2015

### Targeted at:

- Strategic decision-makers
- Practitioners
- Policy-makers
- Researchers

## Co-hosted by:

- Swedish Family Care Competence Centre
- Carers Sweden
- Carers UK

### *In co-operation with:*

- Eurocarers
- International Alliance of Carer Organisations

### *Conference themes:*

- Health, social care and wellbeing
- Combining work and care
- Paying for care
- Technology-enabled care

For more details and to register your interest contact: <a href="mailto:international.conference@carersuk.org">international.conference@carersuk.org</a>



## INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF GERONTOLOGY AND GERIATRICS

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• Plan the development of your own academic /research career

Course Director: Prof. Sue Yeandle, University of Leeds, member of the GSIA Council.

**Application deadline:** January 15 2015

For information / application details contact <u>s.m.yeandle@leeds.ac.uk</u>





Main legal and policy developments relevant to carers: UK		Relevant to carers'		
	Income /	Work /	Services /	
	finances	employment	support	
1967: Dependent Relative's Tax Allowance (low income older relatives /abolished 1988)				
1975: Invalid Care Allowance (ICA)(single women caring for parents only)				
1986: ICA made available to married women				
1995: Carers (Recognition & Services) Act introduced LA carer's assessment concept				
1999: National Carers' Strategy				
1999: Employment Relations Act employees gained right to 'reasonable time off' to deal				
with family emergencies				
<b>2000:</b> Carers and Disabled Children Act (strengthened right to Carer's Assessment; carers				
eligible to receive services/direct payments)				
2003: ICA re-named Carers' Allowance, carers aged 65+ able to claim, subject to				
'overlapping benefits rule, cannot be paid in addition to other benefits or to state pension				
2002: Employment Act: parents of disabled children gain right to request flexible working				
2004: Carers (Equal Opportunities) Act: LAs must inform carers of the rights and consider				
their wish to have paid work when carrying out carer's assessments				
2006: Work and Families Act extended R to R flexible working to carers of adults				
2007: Pensions Act: introduced a pension credit for carers				
2008: National Carers' Strategy				
2010: National Carers' Strategy ('refreshed' by Coalition Govt)				
2010: Equality Act: protects carers from discrimination linked to care of a disabled person				
<b>2011:</b> Short Breaks Duty regulations (as set out in the Children & Young Persons Act 2008)				
2014: Children & Families Act: extended right to request flexible working to all employees				
with 6 months' service with their employer				
2014: Care Act places a duty on LAs to meet a carer's assessed needs for support (subject to				
a financial means test)				

LA- 'local authority'; directly elected; in 202-13 LAs with Adult Social Care responsibility spent £17 bn on this.



## Publicly-funded support and services available to carers (England)

**Right to a LA Carer's Assessment** For some carers from 2000; services are provided 'at LA discretion', but under the *Care Act 2014* LAs will (from 2015) have a new duty to provide services to eligible carers too

**LA - funded carer's services\* -** respite, training, health checks, direct payments

- 169,000 carers (all ages) received a *carer-specific* service via LAs in 2012-13 (down 19% from 2008/9)¹¹
- 48% received 'carer-specific' services, 52% 'information only'; 46,025 carers got a Direct Payment

Carers supported by LAs: up 74% in 3 years to 2011-2, but LAs only supported 5.6% of WA carers

**LAs' discretionary power to provide carers' services** dates from 1995; since 2000 DH Carers Grant helps funds these. From 2011, LA duty to provide **'short breaks'** for carers of disabled children

**Local carers centres** - advice lines, online forums, training and other services for carers

- Offered through network of 280 local carers' organisations, almost all independent charities
- In 2006-7, partial data showed about half of LAs were part-funding local carers' organisations, supporting 35,000 carers in a sample week (CSCI, 2009)

#### **DH-funded programmes implementing the Carers Strategy in England have included:**

Caring with Confidence - training programme for carers, supported 10,238 carers in 2009-10

CwC was evaluated at the University of Leeds:

http://www.nhs.uk/CarersDirect/carers-learning-online/Pages/resources-for-training-providers.aspx (online programme) http://circle.leeds.ac.uk/projects/completed/supporting-carers/evaluation-of-the-caring-with-confidence-programme/ (Evaluation)

NCS Demonstrator Sites programme 25 projects, each involved Health, LA and Voluntary Sector partners

- Offered Carers' Breaks; Health Checks; NHS Support provided services to 18,653 carers:
- 5,655 in Carers' Breaks sites; 5,441 in Health Checks sites; 7,557 in NHS Support sites

http://circle.leeds.ac.uk/projects/completed/supporting-carers/evaluation-of-the-national-carers-strategy-demonstrator-sites-programme/



<sup>\*</sup>Figures from the Health and Social Care Information Centre, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The number of older people receiving LA-funded services fell by 36% in the same period